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Electronic Cigarettes (E-cigarettes)

What are electronic cigarettes?

Electronic cigarettes, also called e-cigarettes or electronic nicotine delivery systems, are battery-operated devices that people use to inhale an aerosol, which typically contains nicotine (though not always), flavorings, and other chemicals. They can resemble traditional tobacco cigarettes (cig-a-likes), cigars, or pipes, or even everyday items like pens or USB memory sticks. Other devices, such as those with fillable tanks, may look different. Regardless of their design and appearance, these devices generally operate in a similar manner and are made of similar components. More than 460 different e-cigarette brands are currently on the market. Some common nicknames for e-cigarettes are:

- e-cigs
- · e-hookahs
- hookah pens
- vapes
- vape pens
- mods (customizable, more powerful vaporizers)

How do e-cigarettes work?

Most e-cigarettes consist of four different components. including:

- which holds a liquid solution (e-liquid or ejuice) containing varying amounts of
- a heating element (atomizer)
- a power source (usually a battery) a mouthpiece that the person uses to inhale
- a cartridge or reservoir, nicotine, flavorings, and other chemicals



Photo by Mandie Mills, CDC

In many e-cigarettes, puffing activates the battery-powered heating device, which vaporizes the liquid in the cartridge. The person then inhales the resulting aerosol or vapor (called *vaping*).

E-cigarette Use in Teens

E-cigarettes are popular among teens and are now the most commonly used form of tobacco among youth in the United States. Their easy availability, alluring advertisements, various e-liquid flavors, and the belief that they're safer than cigarettes have helped make them appealing to this age group. Further, a study of high school students found that one in four teens reported using e-cigarettes for *dripping*, a practice in which people produce and inhale vapors by placing e-liquid drops directly onto heated atomizer coils. Teens reported the following reasons for dripping: to create thicker vapor (63.5 percent), to improve flavors (38.7 percent), and to produce a stronger throat hit—a pleasurable feeling that the vapor creates when it causes the throat to contract (27.7 percent).² More research is needed on the risks of this practice.

In addition to the unknown health effects, early evidence suggests that e-cigarette use may serve as an introductory product for preteens and teens who then go on to use other tobacco products, including cigarettes, which are known to cause disease and premature death. A study showed that students who had used e-cigarettes by the time they started 9th grade were more likely than others to start smoking cigarettes and other smokable tobacco products within the next year.³ However, more research is needed to understand if experimenting with e-cigarettes leads to regular use of smokable tobacco.

Under U.S. Food and Drug Administration (FDA) regulations designed to protect the health of young Americans, minors can no longer buy e-cigarettes in stores or online (see "Government Regulation of E-cigarettes"). The FDA now regulates the manufacture, import, packaging, labeling, advertising, promotion, sale, and distribution of e-cigarettes. This includes components and parts of e-cigarettes but excludes accessories.⁴

How do e-cigarettes affect the brain?

The nicotine in e-liquids readily absorbs into the bloodstream when a person uses an ecigarette. Upon entering the blood, nicotine stimulates the adrenal glands to release the hormone epinephrine (adrenaline). Epinephrine stimulates the central nervous system and increases blood pressure, breathing, and heart

Government Regulation of E-cigarettes

In 2016, the FDA established a rule for e-cigarettes and their liquid solutions. Because e-cigarettes contain nicotine derived from tobacco, they are now subject to government regulation as tobacco products, including the requirement that both in-store and online purchasers be at least 18 years of age (see "E-cigarette Use in Teens"). For more information about this ruling, visit the FDA's webpage, The Facts on the FDA's New Tobacco Rule.

rate. As with most addictive substances, nicotine increases levels of a chemical messenger in the brain called *dopamine*, which affects parts of the brain that control reward (pleasure from natural behaviors such as eating). These feelings motivate some people to use nicotine again and again, despite possible risks to their health and well-being.

What are the health effects of e-cigarettes? Are they safer than tobacco cigarettes?

Research so far suggests that e-cigarettes might be less harmful than cigarettes when people who regularly smoke switch to them as a complete replacement. But nicotine in any form is a highly addictive drug. Research suggests it can even prime the brain's reward system, putting vapers at risk for addiction to other drugs.⁵

Also, e-cigarette use exposes the lungs to a variety of chemicals, including those added to e-liquids, and other chemicals produced during the heating/vaporizing process.⁶ A study of some e-cigarette products found the vapor contains known carcinogens and toxic chemicals, as well as potentially toxic metal nanoparticles from the device itself. The study showed that the e-liquids of certain cig-a-like brands contain high levels of nickel and chromium, which may come from the nichrome heating coils of the vaporizing device. Cig-a-likes may also contain low levels of cadmium, a toxic metal also found in cigarette smoke that can cause breathing problems and disease.⁷ More research is needed on the health consequences of repeated exposure to these chemicals.

Health Effects for Teens

The teen years are critical for brain development, which continues into young adulthood. Young people who use nicotine products in any form, including e-cigarettes, are uniquely at risk for long-lasting effects. Because nicotine affects the development of the brain's reward system, continued e-cigarette use can not only lead to nicotine addiction, but it also can make other drugs such as cocaine and methamphetamine more pleasurable to a teen's developing brain.⁸

Nicotine also affects the development of brain circuits that control attention and learning. Other risks include mood disorders and permanent problems with impulse control—failure to fight an urge or impulse that may harm oneself or others.⁸

Can e-cigarettes help a person quit smoking?

Some people believe e-cigarettes may help lower nicotine cravings in those who are trying to quit smoking. However, e-cigarettes are not an FDA-approved quit aid, and there is no conclusive scientific evidence on the effectiveness of e-cigarettes for long-term smoking cessation. It should be noted that there are seven FDA-approved quit aids that are proven safe and can be effective when used as directed.

E-cigarettes haven't been thoroughly evaluated in scientific studies. For now, not enough data exists on the safety of e-cigarettes, how the health effects compare to traditional cigarettes, and if they are helpful for people trying to quit smoking.

Points to Remember

- Electronic cigarettes are battery-operated devices that people use to inhale an
 aerosol, which typically contains nicotine (though not always), flavorings, and other
 chemicals. In many e-cigarettes, puffing activates the battery-powered heating
 device, which vaporizes the liquid in the cartridge or reservoir. The person then
 inhales the resulting aerosol or vapor (called vaping).
- E-cigarettes are popular among teens. Under U.S. Food and Drug Administration (FDA) regulations designed to protect the health of young Americans, minors can no longer buy e-cigarettes in stores or online.
- Nicotine stimulates the adrenal glands to release the hormone epinephrine
 (adrenaline) and increases the levels of a chemical messenger in the brain called
 dopamine. The activity of dopamine in the brain's reward system motivates some
 people to use nicotine again and again, despite possible risks to their health and well being.
- Research so far suggests that e-cigarettes are less harmful than cigarettes when
 people who regularly smoke switch to them as a complete replacement. But ecigarettes can still damage a person's health.
- E-cigarettes can lead to nicotine addiction and increased risk for addiction to other drugs.
- E-cigarette use also exposes the lungs to a variety of chemicals, including those added to e-liquids, and other chemicals produced during the heating/vaporizing process.
- More research is needed to determine if e-cigarettes may be as effective as smoking cessation aids already approved by the FDA.

Learn More

For more information about e-cigarettes, visit:

- the NIDA TV Spotlight on Electronic Cigarettes
- the FDA's webpage, <u>Vaporizers</u>, <u>E-Cigarettes</u>, and other <u>Electronic Nicotine</u> <u>Delivery Systems (ENDS)</u>
- the website, <u>Know the Risks: E-cigarettes & Young People</u>, based on the <u>U.S. Surgeon General's Report</u> on e-cigarette use among youth and young adults; includes various resources such as a parent tip sheet, healthcare provider conversation card, and FAQs

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